

Polydomain-Monodomain Orientational Process in Smectic-C Main-Chain Liquid-Crystalline Elastomers

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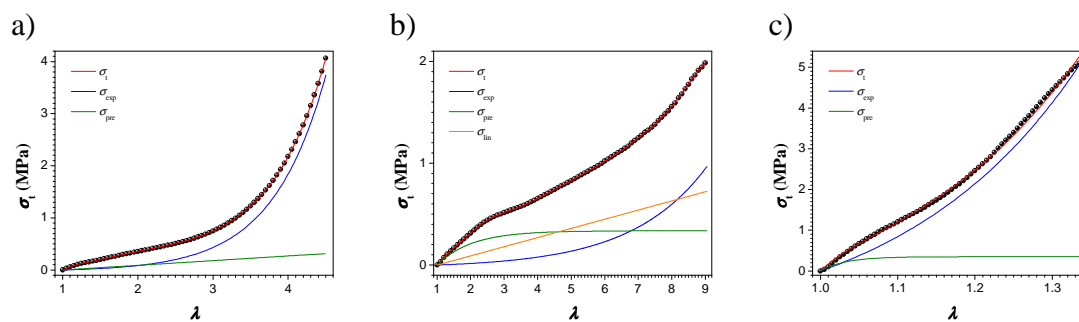


Figure SI-1. Uniaxial true stress-strain curves (σ_t vs. λ) at 25 °C and the fitting curves (red: σ_t) with the corresponding components (orange: σ_{in} ; green: σ_{pre} ; blue: σ_{exp}) for a) the polydomain sample, b) the perpendicular deformation of the conical layer distribution sample, and c) the parallel deformation of the conical layer distribution sample. Note: $\sigma_t = \sigma_n \cdot \lambda$

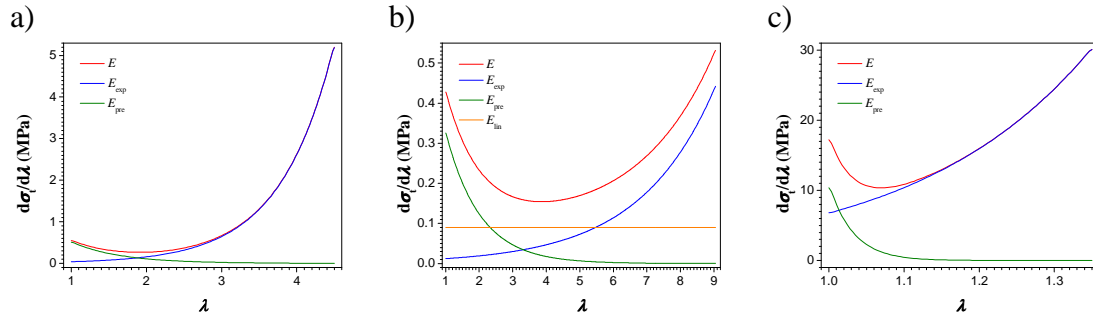


Figure SI-2. Derivatives of the fitting curves σ_t (red: E) with the corresponding derivative components (orange: E_{in} ; green: E_{pre} ; blue: E_{exp}) for a) the polydomain sample, b) the perpendicular deformation of the conical layer distribution sample, and c) the parallel deformation of the conical layer distribution sample.

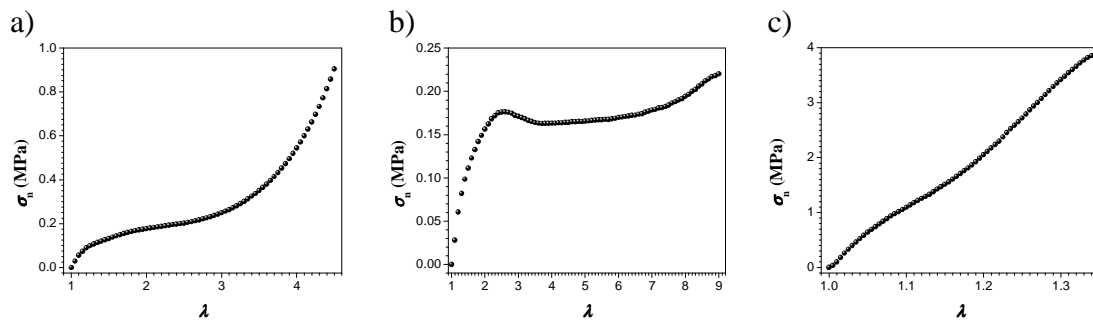


Figure SI-3. Uniaxial nominal stress-strain curves (σ_n vs. λ) at 25 °C for a) the polydomain sample, b) the perpendicular deformation of the conical layer distribution sample, and c) the parallel deformation of the conical layer distribution sample. Note: $\sigma_t = \sigma_n \cdot \lambda$; $\sigma_n = F/A_0$

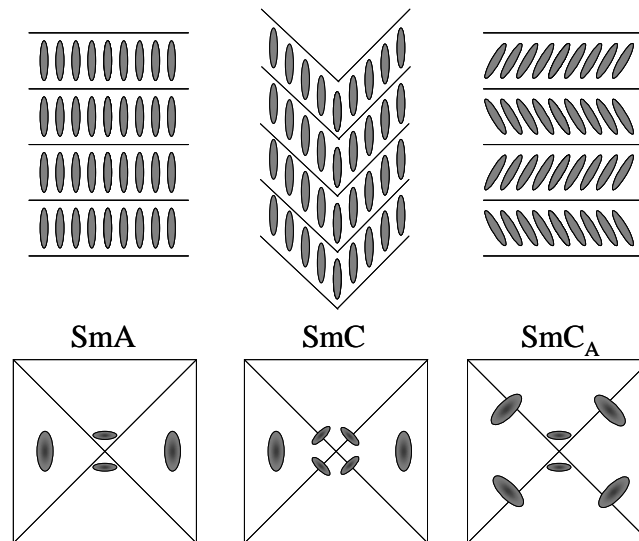


Figure SI-4. Arrangement of the mesogens and layers in the smectic phases SmA, SmC and SmC_A, and their corresponding 2D X-ray scattering pattern.

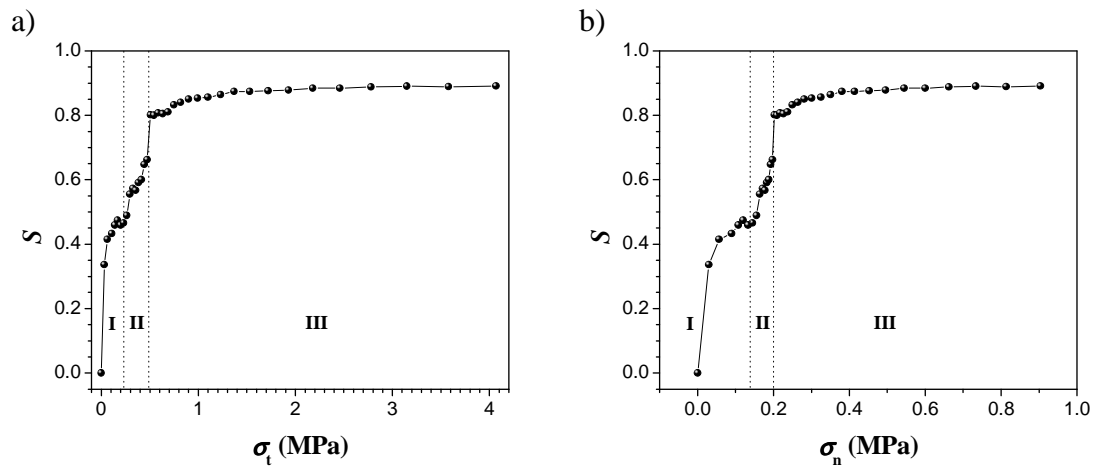


Figure SI-5. Order parameter (S) as function of a) the true stress (σ_t) and b) the nominal stress (σ_n) for the polydomain of the SmC MCLCE. The three regions are the corresponding regions described in the text. Note: $\sigma_t = \sigma_n \cdot \lambda$; $\sigma_n = F/A_0$

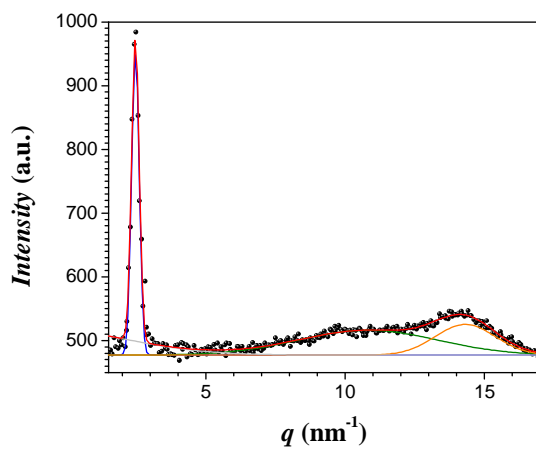
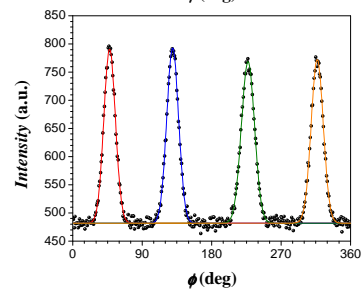
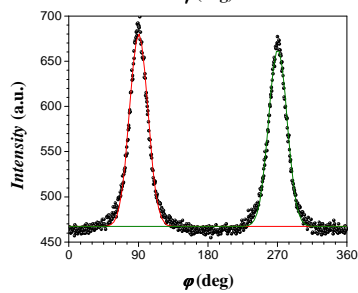
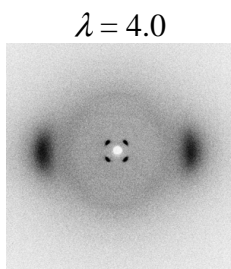
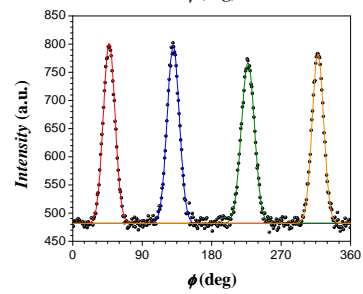
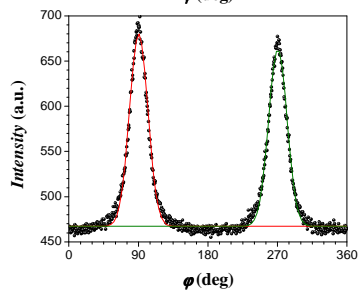
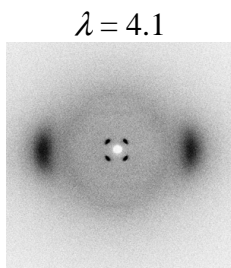
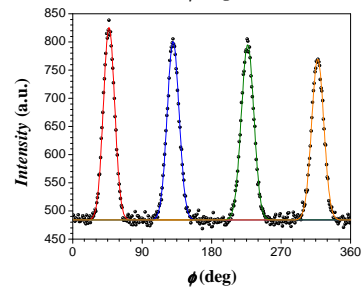
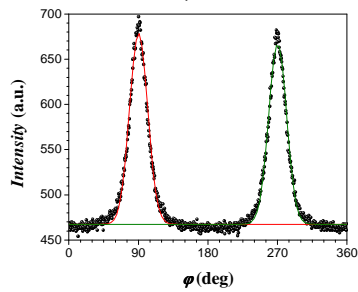
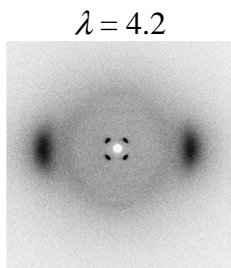
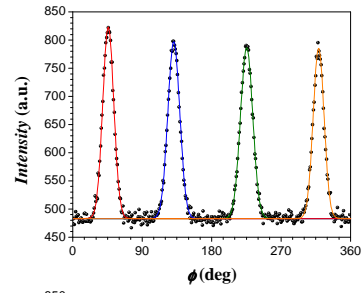
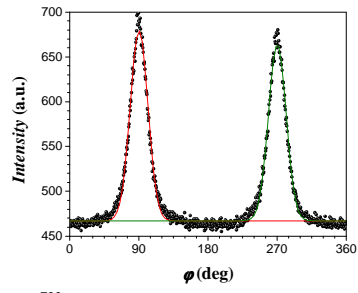
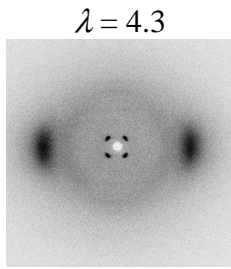
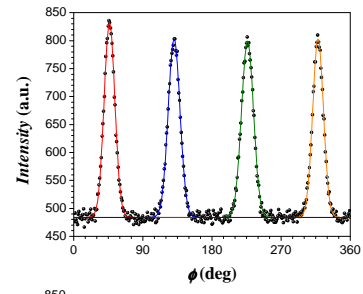
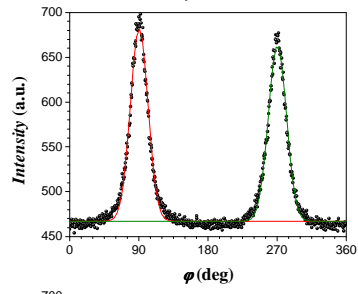
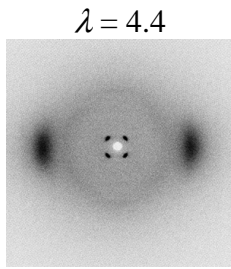
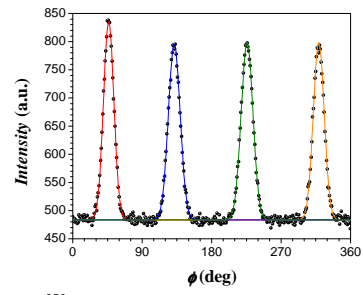
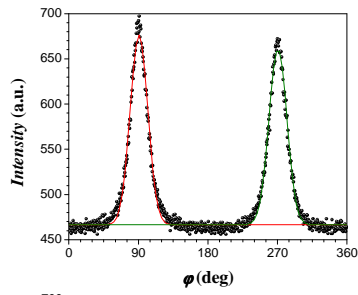
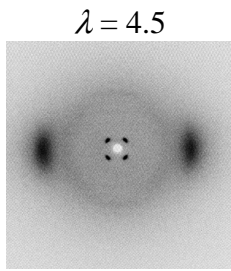


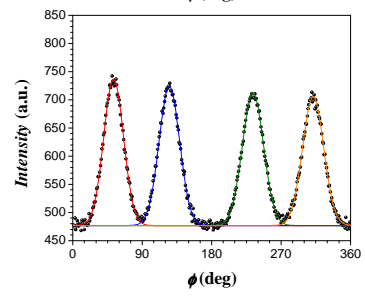
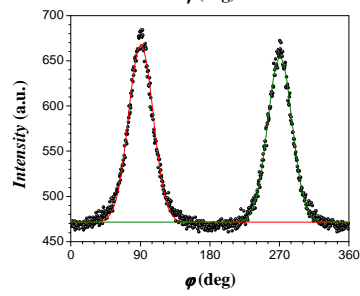
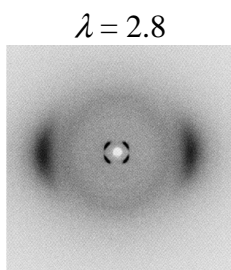
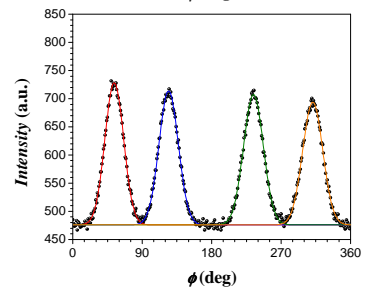
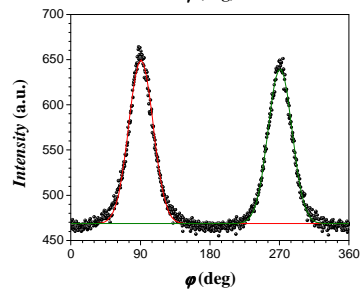
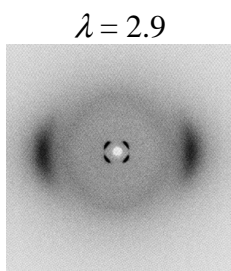
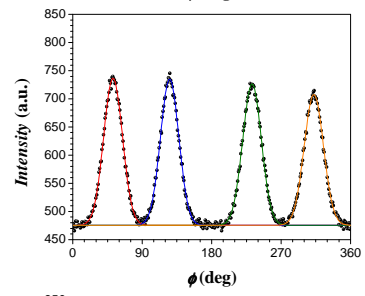
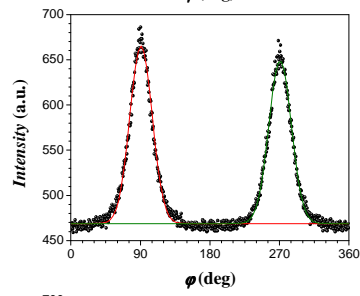
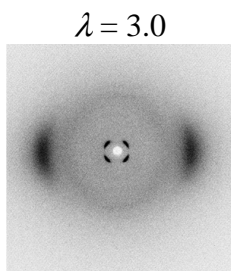
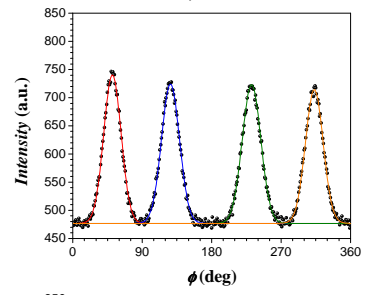
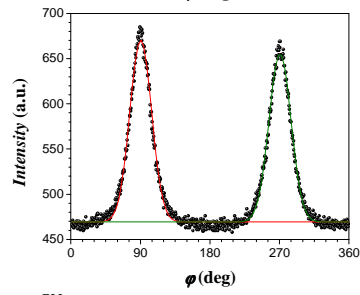
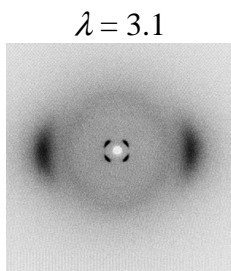
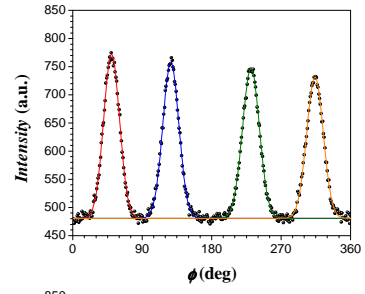
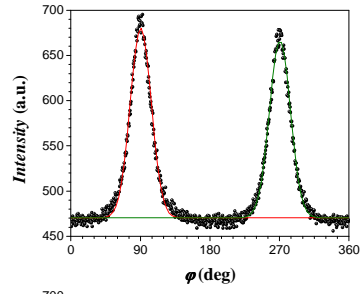
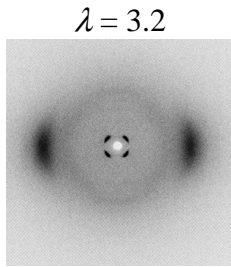
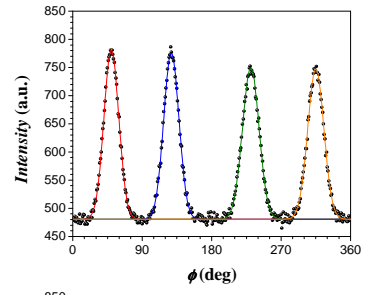
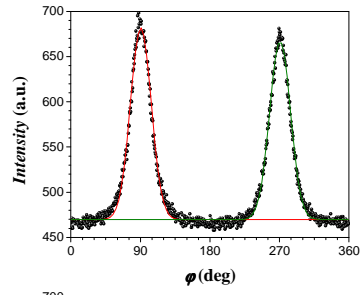
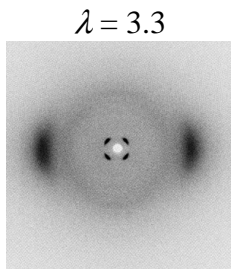
Figure SI-6. X-ray scattering radial distribution for the polydomain of the SmC MCLCE at 25 °C, and the fitting curves (red: accumulative fitting; blue: smectic layering; green: tetramethyldisiloxane domain; orange: mesogenic domains).

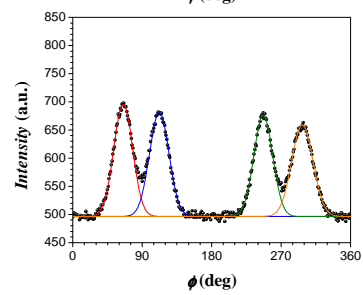
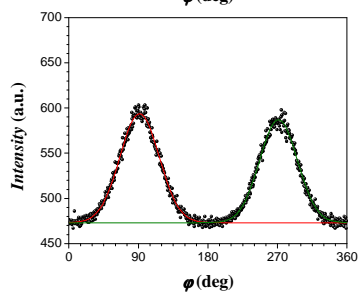
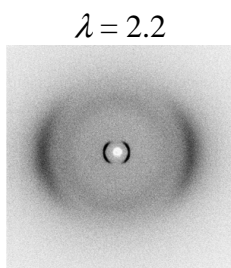
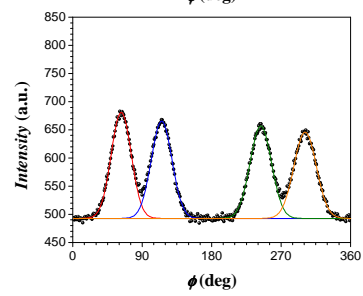
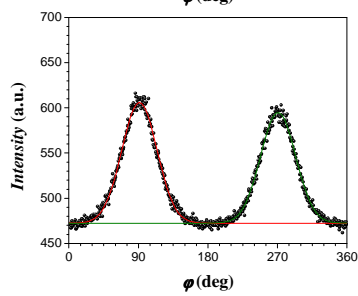
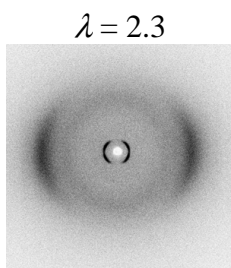
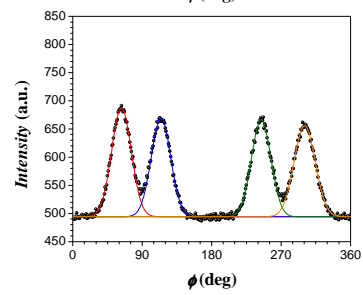
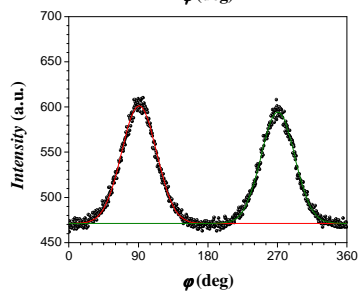
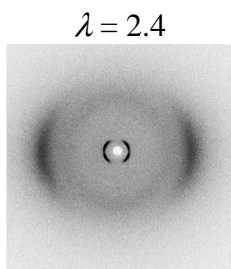
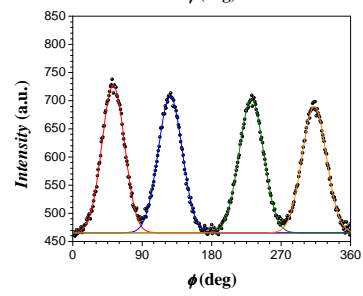
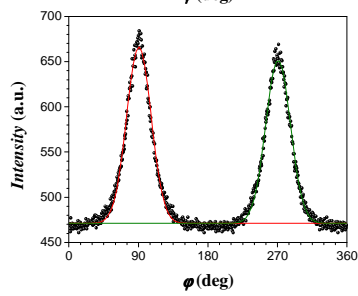
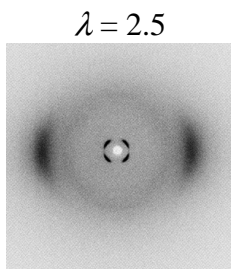
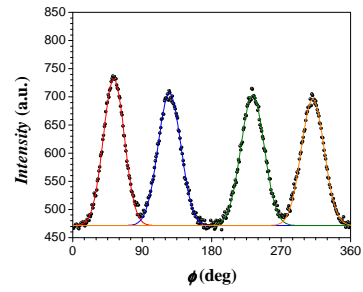
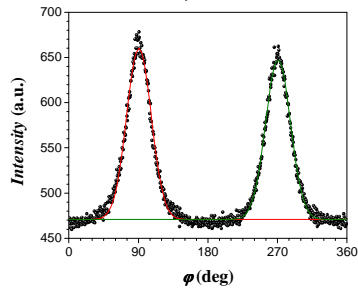
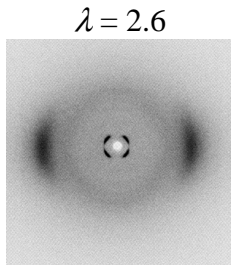
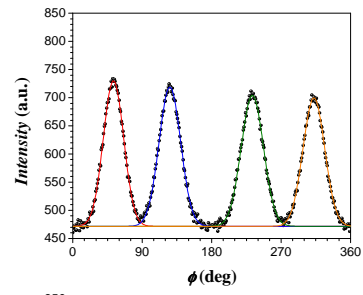
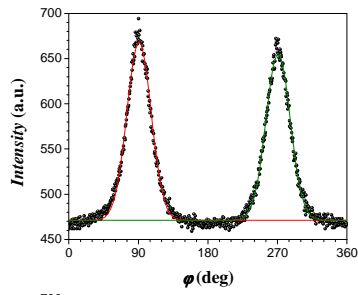
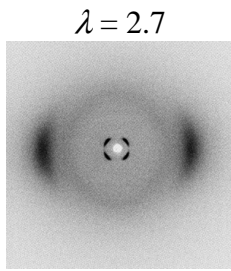
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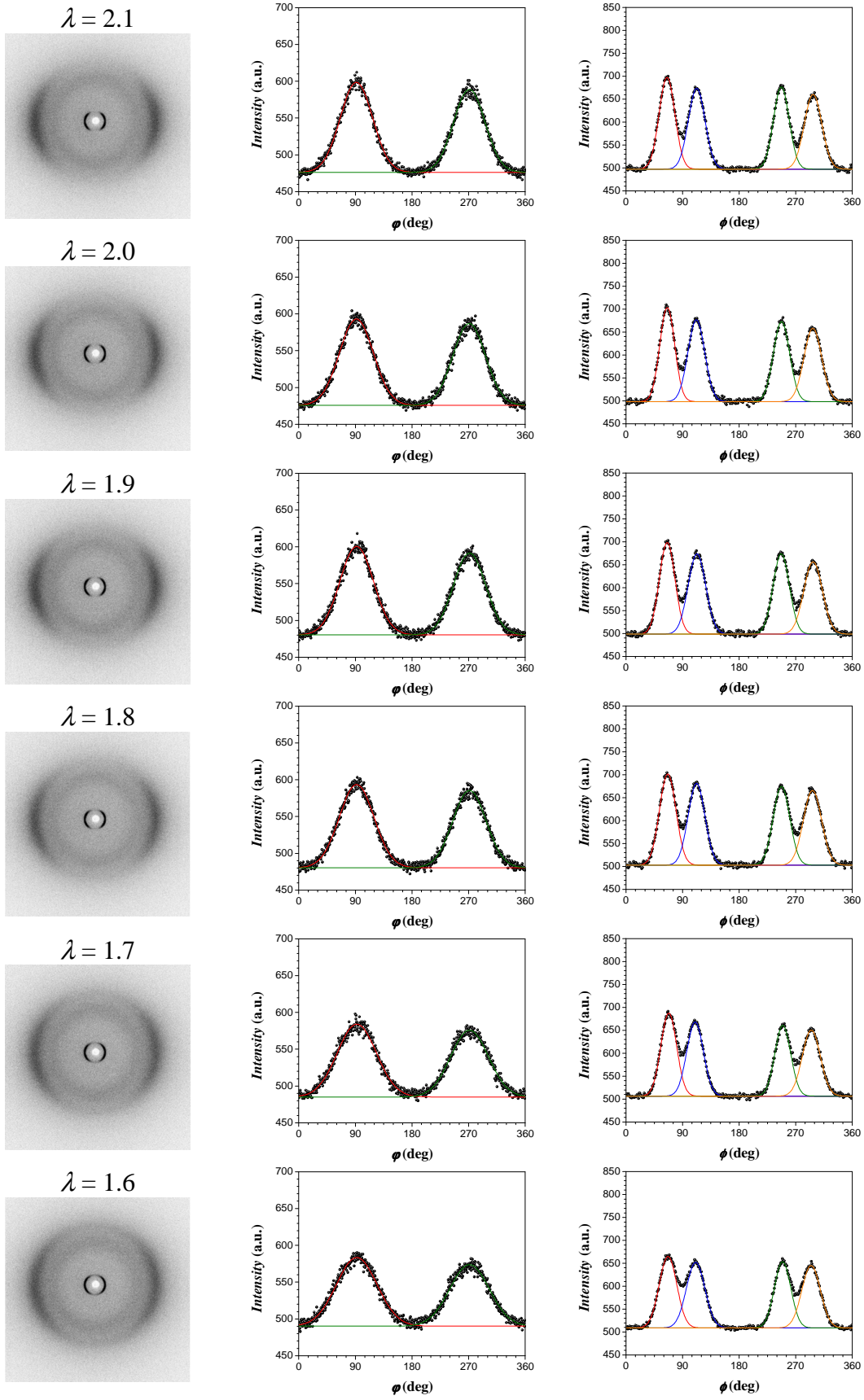
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SAXS









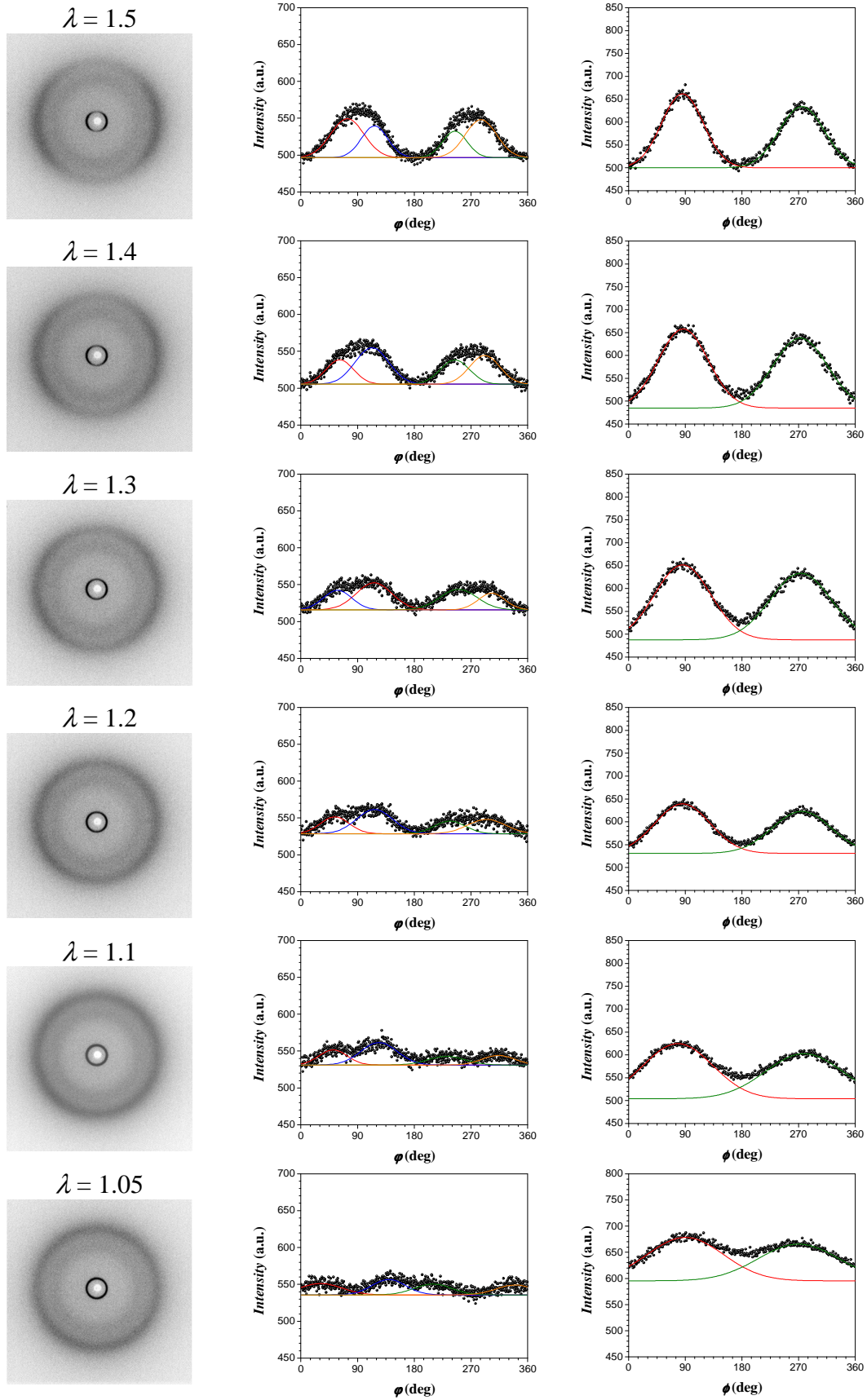


Figure SI-7. 2D X-ray patterns during the uniaxial deformation of the polydomain of the SmC MCLCE. Azimuthal distributions in the WAXS and SAXS regions with their corresponding fitting curves.